

Table 8. Required Conditions for Conditionally Exempt Non-Storm Water Discharges

| Discharge Category | General Conditions Under Which Discharge Through the MS4 is Allowed | Conditions/BMPs that are Required to be Implemented Prior to Discharge Through the MS4 |
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| All Discharge Categories | See discharge specific conditions below. | <p>Ensure conditionally exempt non-storm water discharges avoid potential sources of pollutants in the flow path to prevent introduction of pollutants to the MS4 and receiving water.</p> <p>Whenever there is a discharge of 100,000 gallons or more into the MS4, Permittees shall require advance notification by the discharger to the potentially affected MS4 Permittees, including at a minimum the LACFCD, if applicable, and the Permittee with jurisdiction over the land area from which the discharge originates.</p> |
| Dewatering of lakes | Discharge allowed only if all necessary permits/water quality certifications for dredge and fill activities, including water diversions, are obtained prior to discharge. | <p>Ensure procedures for advanced notification by the lake owner / operator to the Permittee(s) no less than 72 hours prior to the planned discharge.</p> <p>Immediately prior to discharge, visible trash on the shoreline or on the surface of the lake shall be removed and disposed of in a legal manner.</p> <p>Immediately prior to discharge, the discharge pathway and the MS4 inlet to which the discharge is directed, shall be inspected and cleaned out.</p> <p>Discharges shall be volumetrically and velocity controlled to minimize resuspension of sediments.</p> <p>Measures shall be taken to stabilize lake bottom sediments.</p> <p>Ensure procedures for water quality monitoring for pollutants of concern¹⁸ in the lake.</p> <p>Ensure record-keeping of lake dewatering by the lake owner / operator.</p> |

¹⁸ Pollutants of concern include, at a minimum, trash and debris, including organic matter, TSS, and any pollutant for which there is a water quality-based effluent limitation in Part VI.E for the lake and/or receiving water.

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| Landscape irrigation using potable water | Discharge allowed if runoff due to potable landscape irrigation is minimized through the implementation of an ordinance specifying water efficient landscaping standards, as well as an outreach and education program focusing on water conservation and landscape water use efficiency. | Implement BMPs to minimize runoff and prevent introduction of pollutants to the MS4 and receiving water. Implement water conservation programs to minimize discharge by using less water. |
| Landscape irrigation using reclaimed or recycled water | Discharge of reclaimed or recycled water runoff from landscape irrigation is allowed if the discharge is in compliance with the producer and distributor operations and management (O&M) plan, and all relevant portions thereof, including the Irrigation Management Plan. | Discharges must comply with applicable O&M Plans, and all relevant portions thereof, including the Irrigation Management Plan. |

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| Dechlorinated/ debrominated swimming pool/spa discharges | <p>Discharges allowed after implementation of specified BMPs.</p> <p>Pool or spa water containing copper-based algaecides is not allowed to be discharged to the MS4.</p> <p>Discharges of cleaning waste water and filter backwash allowed only if authorized by a separate NPDES permit.</p> | <p>Implement BMPs and ensure discharge avoids potential sources of pollutants in the flow path to prevent introduction of pollutants prior to discharge to the MS4 and receiving water.</p> <p>Swimming pool water must be dechlorinated or debrominated using holding time, aeration, and/or sodium thiosulfate. Chlorine residual in the discharge shall not exceed 0.1 mg/L.</p> <p>Swimming pool water shall not contain any detergents, wastes, or algaecides, or any other chemicals including salts from pools commonly referred to as "salt water pools" in excess of applicable water quality objectives.¹⁹</p> <p>Swimming pool discharges are to be pH adjusted, if necessary, and be within the range of 6.5 and 8.5 standard units.</p> <p>Swimming pool discharges shall be volumetrically and velocity controlled to promote evaporation and/or infiltration.</p> <p>Ensure procedures for advanced notification by the pool owner to the Permittee(s) at least 72 hours prior to planned discharge for discharges of 100,000 gallons or more.</p> <p>For discharges of 100,000 gallons or more, immediately prior to discharge, the discharge pathway and the MS4 inlet to which the discharge is directed, shall be inspected and cleaned out.</p> |
| Dewatering of decorative fountains | <p>Discharges allowed after implementation of specified BMPs.</p> <p>Fountain water containing copper-based algaecides may not be discharged to the MS4.</p> <p>Fountain water containing dyes may not be discharged to the MS4.</p> | <p>Implement BMPs and ensure discharge avoids potential sources of pollutants in the flow path to prevent introduction of pollutants prior to discharge to the MS4 and receiving water.</p> <p>Fountain water must be dechlorinated or debrominated using holding time, aeration, and/or sodium thiosulfate. Chlorine residual in the discharge shall not exceed 0.1 mg/L.</p> <p>Fountain discharges are to be pH adjusted, if necessary, and be within the range of 6.5 and 8.5 standard units.</p> <p>Fountain discharges shall be volumetrically and velocity controlled to promote evaporation and/or infiltration.</p> <p>Ensure procedures for advanced notification by the fountain owner to the Permittee(s) at least 72 hours prior to planned discharge for discharges of 100,000 gallons or more.</p> <p>For discharges of 100,000 gallons or more, immediately prior to discharge, the discharge pathway and the MS4 inlet to which the discharge is directed, shall be inspected and cleaned out.</p> |
| Non-commercial car washing by residents or by non- | <p>Discharges allowed after implementation of specified BMPs.</p> | <p>Implement BMPs and ensure discharge avoids potential sources of pollutants in the flow path to prevent introduction of pollutants prior to discharge to the MS4 and receiving water.</p> <p>Minimize the amount of water used by employing water conservation practices such as turning off</p> |

¹⁹ Applicable mineral water quality objectives for surface waters are contained in Chapter 3 of the Basin Plan for the Coastal Watersheds of Los Angeles and Ventura Counties.

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| profit organizations | | <p>nozzles or kinking the hose when not spraying a car, and using a low volume pressure washer.</p> <p>Encourage use of biodegradable, phosphate free detergents and non-toxic cleaning products.</p> <p>Where possible, wash cars on a permeable surface where wash water can percolate into the ground (e.g. gravel or grassy areas).</p> <p>Empty buckets of soapy or rinse water into the sanitary sewer system (e.g., sinks or toilets).</p> |
| Street/sidewalk wash water | Discharges allowed after implementation of specified BMPs. | <p>Sweeping should be used as an alternate BMP whenever possible and sweepings should be disposed of in the trash.</p> <p>BMPs shall be in accordance with Regional Water Board Resolution No. 98-08 that requires: 1) removal of trash, debris, and free standing oil/grease spills/leaks (use absorbent material if necessary) from the area before washing and 2) use of high pressure, low volume spray washing using only potable water with no cleaning agents at an average usage of 0.006 gallons per square feet of sidewalk area. In areas of unsanitary conditions (e.g., areas where the congregation of transient populations can reasonably be expected to result in a significant threat to water quality), whenever practicable, Permittees shall collect and divert street and alley wash water from the Permittee's street and sidewalk cleaning public agency activities to the sanitary sewer.</p> |